Where should you go to receive the most appropriate care for your needs?

Orange Regional Medical Group Urgent Care is set up to assist our patients with various injuries or illnesses that, though not life-threatening, require immediate professional medical attention. Though, there may still be some wait time, we are better able to prioritize the treatment of our patients based upon the time of their arrival as compared to the emergency room.

- Allergic reactions
- Animal and bug bites
- Broken bones (*)
- Cuts that may need stitches (*)
- Coughs, congestion and sinus problems
- Ear infections
- Mild fevers
- Minor burns
- Neck and back pain
- Painful urination
- Pink eye or other minor eye problems
- Rashes
- Severe flu or cold symptoms (*)
- Sprains and strains
- Throat pain
- Vomiting

(*) indicates a situation that can also be seen in an emergency room.

These issues could also be addressed by your primary care provider if you are willing to wait for an appointment; however, in situations where your primary care physician’s office is closed or simply does not have preferred available appointments, that’s where Orange Regional Medical Group Urgent Care is there for you.

Abdominal pain
Children under three months who need immediate care
Extreme pain, especially if the cause is unknown
Eye injuries
Falls with injury or while taking blood thinners
High fevers
Intestinal bleeding
Loss of consciousness or vision
Persistent chest pain (especially radiating to arm or jaw with sweating, vomiting or shortness of breath)
Repeated vomiting
Seizures without a previous diagnosis of epilepsy
Severe burns
Severe heart palpitations
Sudden severe head pain or injury
Sudden testicular pain and swelling
Suspected poisoning or drug overdose
Traumatic injury
Vaginal bleeding with pregnancy
Weakness or paralysis

When to Call 911
In a medical emergency or in doubt, call 911.

- Do not drive to the hospital if you have severe chest pain or bleeding, feel like you might faint or your vision is impaired or have symptoms of heart attack or stroke.
- Taking an ambulance is safer, especially if you suffering a heart attack. Ambulance personnel provide care on the way to the hospital.
- Emergency responders are trained to stabilize patients before they get to an emergency room.